Time: 2	2½ hrs. Marks:75
Note:	 All questions are compulsory with internal options.
	2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
	3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
	3. Draw heat diagrams wherever necessary.
Q. 1 (A)	Fill in the blanks with the correct answer from the alternatives given below. (08) (Attempt any 8)
(1)	
` '	(a) Unstructured
	(b) Informal
	(c) Structured
	(d) Group
(2)	A good plan should facilitate so that the managers are able to monitor the
	performance.
	(a) organisation
	(b) control
	(c) flexibility
	(d) co-ordination
(3)	In style of leadership, the leader allows the subordinates to take the
	decision and acts only as a guide.
	(a) laissez-faire
	(b) participative
	(c) neurocratic
- 1-1	(d) sociocratic
(4)	
	and references.
	(a) Application Blank
	(b) Screening
	(c) Tests
(=)	(d) Job Offer
(5)	- Taranta -
	manager.
	(a) Departmentation
	(b) Span of Control (c) Balance
	(d) Chain of Command
(6)	In order to find out the feasibility of each alternative, the manager needs to
(0)	undertake
	(a) cost-benefit analysis
	(b) allocation of resources
	(c) collection of data
	(d) review of performance
(7)	involves application and dedication on part of managers.
(,)	(a) Direction
	(b) Dynamism
	(c) Discipline
	(d) Order
(8)	is referred to as an internal source of recruitment.
. ,	(a) Recommendations
	(b) Campus Recruitment
	(c) Consulting
	(d) Promotions

(9) is a process of identifying and selecting a course of action to solve specific problem. (a) Decision-making (b) Organising (c) Planning (d) Controlling (10) refers to doing the right thing at the right time without being told others. (a) Directing (b) Initiative (c) Delegation (d) Innovation (B) State whether the following statements are true or false. (Attempt any lob security is a non-monetary incentive. (2) Lack of unity of command can create confusion in the organization.	d by
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 (B) State whether the following statements are true or false. (Attempt any (1) Job security is a non-monetary incentive. (2) Lack of unity of command can create confusion in the organization. 	y 7) (07)
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(2) Lack of unity of command can create confusion in the organization.	
(3) Remuneration refers to wages and salaries of the employees.	
(4) Panel interview is conducted by a group of experts for an important position	on in
the firm.	
(5) Subordinates should be given freedom to come up with suggestions and ide	eas.
(6) Formal organizations do not have a set of rules and regulations.	
(7) References should be cross checked and verified during the selection proce	ess of
the candidate.	
(8) Hasty decisions are based on factual information.	
(9) Centralization is always better than decentralization.	
(10) A good plan acts as a work map.	
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Q.2 (A) What is Management? Explain its nature/characteristics.	(15)
OR	(08)
Q.2 (P) Explain any 8 Principles of Management given by Henry Fayol.	(07)
(Q) Elaborate on the essentials of sound Decision-making.	(07)
	(4.5)
Q.3 (A) Discuss the barriers to effective delegation.	(15)
OR	
Q.3 (P) Distinguish between: Formal and Informal Organisation.	(08)
(Q) Explain the various bases of Departmentation.	(07)
(Q) Explain the various successive	
Q.4 (A) State and explain the various steps in the Selection process.	(15)
	, ,
OR	(08)
Q.4 (P) What are the various types of Interviews?	
(Q) Explain the various sources of Recruitment.	(07)
Q.5 (A) What are the factors influencing Motivation among employees?	(15
OR	
()	(15
11.1	\
(1) Qualities of a good leader	
(2) Levels of management	
(3) Essential features of Planning	
(4) Principles of Organising	
(5) Objectives of Management	
X	