Duration: 2.30 hours		Marks: 75
NB: (1) All questions are compulsory having	internal option.	
(2) Figures to the right indicate marks all		
(3) Simple calculator is allowed.		
(5) Simple calculator is allowed.		
1. (A) Select the right option and rewrite the s	entence. (Any 8)	(08 Marks)
i. measures the systema	tic risk.	
a. Beta		6,
b. Range	2 2	₹. £.
c. Variance		4 -
d. Standard Deviation	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ii. Shares are offered by company before c	ommencement of the busine	ss is known as .
a. Initial Public Offering (IPO)	37 15	- T
b. Follow on Public Offer (FPO)	1999 279	7.
c. New Fund Offer (NFO)	5 . 0	
d. Private Placement (PP)		
iii. SEBI is formed in the year	by the Parliament of Ind	ia -
a. 1990		
b. 1992	S 2	
c. 1980	2 3 4	
d. 1988	70, 50,	
iv. securities are called as or	vnershin canital	
a. Bonds	whership capital.	2
b. Equity shares		
8 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	- The state of the	
out to Too b	utfolio Monogomont	
The state of the s	itiono management.	
a. Identification of objectives	3	
 b. Develop and implement strategies c. Review and Monitoring 	3.7	
c. Review and Monitoring d. Evaluation	<i>\$</i> 7 .	
	7.0	
vi. The Standard Current Ratio is		
a. 2:1		
b. 1:1		
c. 3:1		
d. 1:2		
vii. Debentures arefund.		
a. Own		
b. Debt		
c. Risky		
d. Dividend earning		

viii.	The a	analyst draws	chart on graph o	r Logarithmic pap	er.	
		Candlestick	_			
	b.	Line				
	c.	Bar				
	d.	Trend				
ix.		is the fathe	er of Modern Techr	ical Analysis.		
	a.	Charles Dow	3			
	b.	Adams Smith	2			
	c.	Newton			-	
	d.	Charlie Chaplin				
		\$		2 2	-2	
х.	Jense	en's measure of por	tfolio performance	is based on the	£. 3	
	a.	CAPM			A S	
	b.	Beta		170		
	c.	Standard Deviatio	n _	3 5	-	
	d.	Risk free return		3		
	-5	3. 5.			-	
(B) G	ive T	rue or False: (Any	7)	- J.		(07 Marks)
i.	Α	n over price - price	d stock will plot or	helow the securit	v market line	
ii.		he maximum deduc		and the second s	•	
iii.		idia is the highest c				,,
iv.		he Dow Theory cor			9	
v.	Α	n Oscillator is a tec	hnical analysis too	L Si Si	3	
vi.	T	he maximum deduc	ction which can be	claimed under sect	ion 80C is Rs.	1,50,000.
vii.		idia is the highest c			-20	
viii.		he maximum matur		the state of the s		
ix.		tock Market Index			performance o	f all the
		ompanies listed in S				
х.	N	IFTY is the stock n	narket Index of Ind	ia's Bombay Stock	Exchange.	
2	CAN	What are the factor	e influencing for th	a calaction of Inva	etment Altern	ativas
2.		Explain in brief.	s influencing for th	c sciection of mive	sunem Anem	
		Explain in otiel.	f Investors with the	ir qualities		(08 Marks)

2. (C) The security return on stock of Dr. Reddy's Lab. and Alkem Lab. under different status of economy are given below:

OR

Particulars	Boom	Low Growth	Stagnation	Recession
Probability	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.20
Return on stock of Dr. Reddy's Lab.	50	45	30	25
Return on stock of Alkem Lab. (%)	45	50	40	30

Calculate the expected return and standard deviation of return on both the stocks and advise to invest in one of them. (08 Marks)

2.(D) The security return of Bawa Shoe Ltd. and market returns are given below:

Particulars		2	3-	- 4	5	6	7
Return on security of	10	13	15	14	15	18	20
Bawa Shoe Ltd. (%)		0.7	-2			-1"	
Market Return (%)	14	16	- 18	20	22	24	26

Calculate Beta on security of Bawa Shoe Ltd.

(07 Marks)

3.(A) Distinguish between Fundamental Analysis and Technical Analysis.

(08 Marks)

3.(B) Give a brief note on Systematic Risk and Unsystematic Risk.

(07 Marks)

OR

3. The Balance Sheet of L&T Realty Ltd. as on 31st March 2023 was as under: (15 Marks)

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
6,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid	6,00,000	Fixed Assets	8,70,000
10 % Preference shares	3,00,000	Investments	2,00,000
General Reserve	1,80,000	Inventories	1,80,000
9 % Debentures	2,50,000	Debtors	1,75,000
Bank Overdraft	90,000	Cash & Bank	45,000
Sundry Creditors	85,000	Advance Salary	40,000
Outstanding Expenses	55,000	Preliminary Expenses	50,000
Total →	15,60,000		15,60,000

Profit after Tax-

Rs. 4,00,000

Market Price per Share

Rs. 230

Dividend per share

Rs. 30

Calculate:

- Liquid Ratio
- ii. Earnings Per Share
- iii. Price-Earnings Ratio
- Dividend-Pay-out Ratio
- Debt Equity Ratio

4.(A) Define Portfolio Management. Explain the steps in the process of Portfolio

Management.

(8 Marks)

(B) Explain Elliott Wave Theory in Brief.

(7 Marks)

OR

4.(C) The information for three portfolios of Garments Industries are given below:

Portfolio	8	Average Return of Portfolio (%)	n Beta	Standard Deviation
Welspun		18	0.9	0.48
Sutlej	\$7	19	1.4	0.38
Raymond	.5	-22	1.1	0.28
Market Index	200	24	1.0	0.32

Compare these portfolios on performance using Sharpe and Treynor Measures. Risk free rate of return is 8%. (08 Marks)

4.(D) The following information the securities are as follows:

Securities A	Expected Return (%)	Beta
Archies	220	1.5
Faber Castell	21	1.2
DOMS	-23	0.8
Market Return	24	1.0

If the risk-free rate is 7%. Calculate returns for each security under CAPM. Identify the securities are undervalued or overvalued or at par and advise to Invest.

(07 Marks)

- Adv. Hari, aged 62 years a Practicing Senior Doctor. He is having Rs. 1,50,00,000 investible fund.
 - (a) Advise him for Investment avenues available to him which will give a suitable return with maximum return?
 - (b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages by investing in the specific avenues.

 (15 Marks)

OR

Give Short Notes on: (Any Three)

(15 Marks)

- i. Small Cap and Large cap
- NSDL and CDSL
- Portfolio Management Decision
- iv. Technical Analysis
- v. The Random Walk Theory
