SYBAF

Time:	2 ½ Hours Total Marks: 75
Note:	
	1) All questions are compulsory.
	2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
Q.1 A	Multiple Choice questions: (Any 8 out of 10) (08)
a)	Lower level managers mostly need skills. ( Conceptual, Human, Technical )
b)	Full form of CPM is ( Critical Path Method, Centralised Planned Management,
	Coordinated Procedure Management)
c)	Analysis of environment indicates company's strengths and weaknesses.
	(internal, external, concurrent)
d)	Recruitment is a function. (positive, negative, neutral)
e)	interview is taken when an employee resigns from the job.( Panel, Stress, Exit)
f)	Division of work leads to (order, specialization, direction)
g)	A is the one who takes decisions by himself and expects subordinates to obey his
	orders. (autocratic leader, democratic leader, consultative leader)
h)	If the activities of an organisation are grouped as production, marketing, finance,
	personnel etc, it is known as departmentation by (process, area, functions)
i)	reduces the burden on top management. (decentralization, centralization, penetration)
j)	prevents delay in action (Gangplank, Order, Equity)
Q.1 B S	tate whether the following statements are True or False: (Any 7 out of 10) (07)
a)	Departmentation is needed for specialization.
b)	Decentralisation brings dispersal of decision making powers.
c)	A good control system is always forward looking.
d)	Dual command is always dangerous:
e)	Management is doing the work.
(f)	트립인 사진 시간 회원 (1) '소설 (1) '소설 (1) '소설 (1) '전실 (1) '전실 (1) '전실 (1) '조실 (1) '조
Carrow Control	Exception principle reserves complex problems for superiors.
A	Directing does not follow the chain of command.
(j i)	A good plan should be flexible in nature.
i)	Decision making is situational.

Q.2	A) What is management? Explain its nature.	(08)
Q.2	B) Distinguish between Top level and Middle level of management.	(07)
	OR OR	
Q.2	C) What are the factors affecting staffing?	(08)
Q.2	D) Explain significance of motivation.	(07)
Q.3	A) Explain the principles of organising.	(08)
Q.3	B) What is controlling? Explain its importance.	(07)
	OR OR	
Q.3	C) Define delegation of authority. Explain its Importance and also barriers	
	affecting effective delegation of authority?	(15)
Q.4	A) What is coordination? Explain its importance.	(08)
Q.4	B) "Situational Leadership is the best leadership style" Explain.	(07)
	OR	
Q.4	C) Explain Henri Fayol's principles of management.	(15)
Q. 5	A) What is planning? Why planning is important?	(08)
Q.5	B) Distinguish between Recruitment and Selection.	(07)
	OR OR	
Q,5	C) Write short notes Any 3 out of 5	(15)
1)	Bases of departmentation	
100 May 1	Centralisation of authority v/s Decentralisation of authority	
3) 4)	Decision making Section Section 1997 Decision making Section 1997 Sect	
(5)	Functions of management	
	********	

65143