



Time: 2½ hrs.

Marks:75

Note:

1. All questions are compulsory with internal choice.
2. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Answer the following (any four)

(20)

- (a) Evaluate : $\sqrt{16 - 30i}$
- (b) Solve the following system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned} x + y + z &= 11 \\ 4x - 2y + z &= 8 \\ 3x + y - 2z &= -3 \end{aligned}$$
- (c) Let $S = \{(1,2,3), (2, -1,2), (1,3,4)\}$. Check the linear dependency of the set S.
- (d) Express the vector $(2,3,4)$ as a linear combination of $(1,1,1), (1,0,1)$ & $(0,1,1)$
- (e) Write a python program to rotate the complex number by angle t .
- (f) Let $V = \mathbb{R}^3$ be a vector space over a field \mathbb{R} . Let $S = \{(x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 | x = y + z\}$. Show that S is vector subspace of V.

Q.2 Answer the following (any four)

(20)

- (a) Write a python program to input matrix and display inverse of that matrix.
- (b) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 Compute the following if they exist
 i) $A + B$ ii) $3A$ iii) $B + 2D$
- (c) For a linear transformation $f: U \rightarrow V$, Show that :
 $\ker f = \{0\}$ if and only if f is injective.
- (d) State and prove Rank – Nullity theorem.
- (e) Let U & V be two vector subspaces of vector space X over a field F , such that $U \cap V = \{0\}$. Show that the direct sum $U \oplus V = \{u + v | u \in U \text{ \& } v \in V\}$ is a subspace of X .
- (f) Show that $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$, defined by $T(x,y,z) = (2x + 3y - z, y - z)$, is a linear transformation.

Q.3 Answer the following (any four)

(20)

- (a) Write a python program to find projection of vector v on u .
- (b) State and prove Pythagoras theorem in vector space.
- (c) Find eigen values and eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
- (d) Construct orthonormal basis of \mathbb{R}^2 by Gram – Schmidt process.
 $v_1 = (1,2)$ and $v_2 = (3,4)$.
- (e) Let vector $u = (1,0,1)$ & $v = (4,1,2)$. Decompose vector $v = x + y$, such that x is parallel to u and y is orthogonal to u .
- (f) Find minimal polynomial for the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Q.4

Answer the following (any three)

(15)

(a) Express the following as $a + bi$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ & $i = \sqrt{-1}$

$$\frac{(2 + 3i)(3 + 4i)}{(1 + 2i)(3 - 4i)}$$

(b) Show that $F = (\mathbb{Z}_5, +, \cdot)$ is a field.

(c) Consider the subspaces

$$U = \{(x, y, z, w) : x - y = 0\} \text{ and}$$

$$V = \{(x, y, z, w) : x = w, y = z\}.$$

Find basis and dimension of

i) U ii) V iii) $U \cap V$

(d) Let U & V be a vector spaces over a field F . Show that if $T: U \rightarrow V$ be a linear transformation, then $\text{Im}(T)$ is a subspace of V

(e) Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Hence find A^{-1} .

(f) Show that : $\|u + v\|^2 + \|u - v\|^2 = 2(\|u\|^2 + \|v\|^2)$

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