TYBAF Sem-V Dec-2012

Paper / Subject Code: 44803 / Cost Accounting - III



Duration: 2.5 Hrs.

Total Marks: 75

	N	B: All workings should form part of the ans	swer					
Q.1	A Fi	Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate option (Any 8)						
	1.	is a running charge in tr	ansport costing					
	٠.	a. Cost of diesel	b. Rent of Garage					
		c. Insurance	d. License Fees					
	2.	The calculation of the cost per unit of ser	vice rendered by a vehicle, example : the					
	-	cost per passenger kilometre is in	costing					
		a. Transport	b. Hotel					
		c. Hospital	d. Electricity					
	3.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	٥.	a. Stores Ledger Control A/c	b. Cash/Bank A/c					
		e. Wages Control A/c	d. WIP control A/c					
	4.	In Integrated system, Final profit as per (
	٠,	a. Cost Ledger Control A/c	b. Profit & Loss A/c					
		c. Cost of Sales A/c	d. Trading account					
	5	5. In non-integrated system, cost ledger contains						
	٥.	a. all personal accounts	b. all impersonal accounts					
		c. all nominal accounts	d. Machinery					
	6.	Process cost is based on the concept of	d. Machinery					
	0.	a. Average cost	h Marginal asst					
	27	c. Standard cost	b. Marginal cost					
	7.	Normal loss arises under	d. differential cost					
	7.							
		a. normal conditions	b. abnormal conditions					
	O	c. perfect conditions	d. unfavourable conditions					
	8.	Equivalent units are calculated by						
		a. actual units x stage of completion	b. fresh units x stage of completion					
-		c. input x stage of completion	d. fresh units + stage of completion					
	9.	No. of inspections is an						
		a. Activity cost driver	 b. organisational cost driver 					
		c. structural cost driver	d. cost centre					
	10,	Activity based management is the applic	ation of					
1		a. ABC	b. Traditional costing					
-		c. Operating Costing	d. Target costing					
			<u> </u>					

Q.I B Match the following (Any 7)

(07)

Column A	Column B		
1. Hospital	a. Credit Factory overheads control A/c		
2. Fixed cost	b. Changes with production level.		
3. Abnormal loss	c. Number of despatches		
4. Passenger Transport	d. Debit Factory overheads Control A/c		
5. Issue of direct material	e. Remain unchanged with the		

	production level changes
6. Return of indirect material to	f. Debit WIP Control A/c
stores 7. Despatching costs	g. Unavoidable loss
9 Normal Loss	h. Avoidable loss
9. Wages applied to factory	i. Per patient -Day
10. Variable cost	j. Per passenger-km

Q.2. A Pass Journal entries for the following transaction of Moon Ltd for the month of June 2022 under the Integrated system of Accounting.

					- 14	
	Transacti	ons	350	. 5	1	. ₹.
1.	Material		from SPS	& Co.	27	3,20,000
2.	Material i	ssued to r	roduction		Se E	2,50,000
2.	Wages pa			,4-		90,000
3.	Wages pa	plied to p	roduction		O.F.	70,000
4.	wages ap	pried to p	nourced	-		25,000
5.	Factory o	vernead ii	icuited	oran yalı	0	10,000
6:	Material	namage na	aving no s	Clap valu	3-	30,000
7.	Selling e	cpenses in	curred	· ,	4-4	15,000
	Office ex					3,80,000
9.	Cost of g	oods prod	uced	174	10/10	50,000
). Materials				and the	5,00,000
1	1. Sales to	FR Ltd (6)	0% on cred	dit)	<u> </u>	7, 3,00,000

The following information for XYZ Ltd is available for the month of July 2022

(15)

Opening Work-in-progress: 1,800 units at ₹. 9,000 Degree of completion: material: 100%, Labour & Overheads: 60%

2. Input of materials : 18,200 units at ₹. 54,600

Expenses: Labour: ₹. 24,600, Overheads: ₹. 16,400

3. Units scrapped: 2,400 units

Degree of completion: Material: 100%, Labour & Overheads: 70%

4. Closing Work-in-Progress: 2,000 units

Degree of Completion: Material: 100%, Labour & Overheads: 80%

5. Finished units transferred to next process: 15,600 units

6. Normal scrap: 10% of input (opening WIP + input) Scrap realized at ₹. 3 per unit

Prepare: i. Statement of Equivalent Production using FIFO method

ii. Cost statement

iii. Statement of valuation

iv. Process Account

Following are the balances in Cost Ledger of Manufacturing Company on 1st April 2022.

Pollowing are the outliness	Debit (₹.)	Credit (₹.)
Particulars	4,500	
Finished Stock Ledger Control A/c	,	
Factory overhead Control A/c	1,000	-
Work-In-Progress Control A/c	2,400	-
Work-In-Progress Control 750	4,400	-
Stores Ledger Control A/c	4,,,00	12,300
Cost Ledger Control A/c	-	12,300
Cost Bodger	1 2011 4 11 202	2

ollowing are the transactions for the month ending 30th April 2022.

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,	Amt. (₹.)
Particulars	65,000
Raw material Purchased	51,500
Materials issued to Production	12,500
Direct wages	₹ £ 8,000
Factory overhead incurred	2,500
Indirect labour	11,500
Factory overhead charged to produc	57,800
Cost of sale	1,000
Sales return at cost	67,500
Finished product at cost	70,000
Sales	ocounts:

Prepare the following cost control accounts:

- 1. Stores Ledger Control Account
- 2. Works Overhead Control Account
- 3. Work In Progress Ledger Control Account
- 4. Finished Stock Ledger Control Account
- 5. Cost Ledger Control Account
- Trial balance as on 30th April 2022,

Provided the following information for the month of June: Q.3. B

Under ABC, Sharad	Ltd. Provided	the following informati	on for the	month of June: (15	5)
Particulars	Estimated overheads	Expected Activity	overhead	The state of the s	
Setups Purchase orders Product testing Template etching Facilities	72 000	50 setups 2100 purchase orders 700 tests 60 etchings 8000 sq. feet	70,000 2,400 13,800 2,000 85,000	60 setups 2100 purchase orders 680 tests 64 etchings 8000 sq. feet	
	* 1	ii ii ii aha menduat duri	ng the June	using ABC?	

What amount of overhead was applied to the product during the June using ABC?

Layman Limited runs a Bus and requests you to suggest fare per passenger/kilometre (15)

from the following information provided:

the following information pro-	₹. 30,00,000
Purchase Price of Bus	5 years
Life of Vehicle	₹. 70,000
Scrap Value	28 kms
Length of the route	₹. 8,400
Interest on loan (per annum)	₹.13,500
Driver's Salary (per month)	₹. 8,000
Conductor's Salary (per month)	
Administrative Charges (per annum)	₹. 2,800
Repairs and Maintenance (per annum)	₹. 11,200
Insurance (per annum)	₹. 14,000
	₹. 70,000
Garage Rent (per annum)	₹. 3,500
Road Tax & Permit (per annum)	₹. 2,800
Tire-tube repairs (per annum)	₹.9
Diesel and Oil (per km)	(.)

The bus has 25 seats and it is planned to make 5 two-way trips for 25 days in a month. Assume Profit @ 20% of total revenue.

OR

Q.4. B Aqua ltd. produces a product 'Jellybean' which passes through two processes before it is completed and transferred to finished stock. The following data relates to November, 2022

Particulars	• .			Process I	Process II	Finished
	7		, S. ^	₹.	₹. ♦/	Stock ₹.
Opening Stock		18/2	100	15,000	18,000	45,000
Direct Materials		2	-23	> 30,000	31,500	1
Wages		Ş		22,400	22,500	2.70.00 C. 1.70.00
Overheads		.9.	,	21,000	9,000	
Closing stock	100	ne.	4	7,400	9,000	-> 22,500
Inter-process pro	fit includ	led in oper	ning 💍	1.77	3,000	16,500
stock		, A	Aire		is in	

Output of process I is transferred to process II at 25% profit on the Transfer Price.

Output of Process II is transferred to finished stock at 20% profit on transfer price. Stocks in process are valued at prime cost. Finished stock is valued at the price at which it is received from the process I. Sales during the period are ₹. 2,80,000.

Prepare: Process I Account

- ii) Process II Account
- iii) Finished Stock Account-
- iv) Calculate the actual realized profit

Q.5.A	Explain the advantages and limitations of Integrated Accounting System						(08)	
Q.5. B	Explain the advantages of Inter-firm comparison						(07)	
Santa.	•			The state of the s	OR			

Q.5. C Write short notes on (any three)

- i. General Ledger Adjustment Account
- ii. Equivalent Units
- iii. Advantages & Disadvantages of Process costing
- iv. Features of Operating Costing
- v. Disadvantages of ABC



(15)