Program:	F.Y.B. Com (MS)	**Semester:**	I	**Program Code:**	UGMS02
Course:	Indian Knowledge System Series (Generic)-I			**Course Code:**	NUIK101
Duration:	1 Hour	**Examination Pattern:**	NEP- Autonomous-External	**Max. Marks:**	30

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.
4. CO (Course Outcome), KL (Knowledge Level).

Examination:

REGULAR

Q. 1		Attempt the following.	[10]	CO's	KL's
	(a)	**Fill in the blanks with an appropriate answer from the alternatives given.**	[05]	CO1, CO2 CO3, CO4	L1
	I	_____is a Public Sector Bank.			
		a. HDFC Bank / b. ICICI Bank / c. State Bank of India / d. Axis Bank			
	II	Arthashastra mainly deals with_____.			
		a. Art and Literature / b. Yoga and Meditation / c. Political and Economic Governance / d. Ayurveda			
	III	In _____year Macaulay's Minute on Indian Education was introduced.			
		a. 1813 / b. 1835 / c. 1857 / d. 1885			
	IV	According to Ayurveda, health is a balance of _____.			
		a. Rajas, Sattva, Tamas / b. Air, Water, Fire / c. Vata, Pitta, Kapha / d. Blood, Bile, Phlegm			
	V	Khadi is primarily made from which natural fiber?			
		a. Wool / b. Polyester / c. Cotton / d. Nylon			
	(b)	**Answer the following concept**	[05]		
	I	Jugaad Culture		CO1, CO2 CO3, CO4	L2
	II	Digital Banking			
	III	Sustainable living			
	IV	Gurukul Education System			
	V	Traditions			

Q. 2		**Attempt any TWO of the following.**	**[10]**	**CO's**	**KL's**
	(a)	Illustrate Indian Knowledge System. Explain its key features with relevant examples from Indian tradition.		**CO1**	**L3**
	(b)	Explain the objectives of Macaulay's Education Policy.		**CO1**	**L3**
	(c)	Use the features of ancient Indian trade and commerce to explain famous trade routes and goods exchanged.		**CO4**	**L3**
Q. 3		**Attempt any TWO of the following.**	**[10]**	**CO's**	**KL's**
	(a)	Explain merits and demerits of Macaulay's Education Policy.		**CO1**	**L4**
	(b)	Analyze the different types of banks in India and explain each type with suitable examples.		**CO2**	**L4**
	(c)	Describe the basic principles and diagnostic methods of Ayurveda. How does Ayurveda promote holistic health and well-being?		**CO3**	**L4**

- - X - - X - -